Sunan of Sleeping

Anas an narrates in a hadīth that Rasūlullāh sonce said to him,

'...and whosoever loves my sunnah, loves me; and whoever loves me, will be with me in Jannah.'

(At-Tirmidhī)

at-tazkiyah



- 1) To recite the following after the Maghrib Şalāh, any time before going to sleep:
- Sūrah Al-Mulk
- Sūrah As-Sajdah
- Sūrah Al-Wāqi'ah. (At-Tirmidhī & Al-Bayhaqī)
- 2) To abstain from any futile activity after the 'Ishā Ṣalāh; however, to participate in religious gatherings or to earn one's livelihood is permissible. (*Al-Bukhārī*)
- 3) To recite بِسُوِ اللهِ when:
- Closing doors and windows,
- Covering uncovered utensils,
- Switching-off lights. (Muslim)
- 4) To perform Wudū. (Al-Buhkārī & Muslim)
- 5) To apply surmah to both the eyes thrice. (*Shamā'il-at-Tirmidhī*)
- 6) To dust the bed thrice with a corner of one's clothes. (*Al-Bukhārī* & *At-Tirmidhī*)

7) To recite:

- Āyah-al-Kursī.
- Tasbīḥ Fāṭimī.
- The last two āyāt of Sūrah Al-Baqarah. (Al-Bukhārī & Muslim)
- 8) To recite Sūrah Al-Ikhlāṣ, Sūrah Al-Falaq and Sūrah An-Nās; then to blow on one's palms and pass them over the body. (*Al-Bukhārī*)
- 9) To recite Sūrah Al-Kāfirūn. (Fatḥ-al-Bārī)
- 10) To use a pillow. (Al-Bukhārī)
- 11) To sleep facing the qiblah, on the right side, with the right palm under the right cheek. (Al-Bukhārī, Muslim, Abū Dāwūd)
- 12) To refrain from sleeping on the stomach. (At- $Tirmidh\bar{i}$)
- 13) To recite the following:

اَللَّهُ مَّ بِاسْمِكَ أَمُونُ وَ أَحْلِى (Al-Bukhārī) بِالسُمِكَ رَبِّ وَضَعْتُ جَنْبِي وَبِكَ أَرُ فَعُهُ، إِن بِالسُمِكَ رَبِّ وَضَعْتُ جَنْبِي وَبِكَ أَرُ فَعُهُ، إِن أَمُسَكُت نَفْسِي فَاغْفِرُ لَهَا، وَإِن أَرْسَلْتَهَا فَاحْفَظُهَا بِمَا المُسَكُت نَفْسِي فَاغْفِرُ لَهَا، وَإِن أَرْسَلْتَهَا فَاحْفَظُهَا بِمَا تَحْفَظُ بِهِ عِبَادَكَ الصَّالِحِيْنَ (Al-Bukhārī)

اَللَّهُمَّ قِنِيُ عَذَابَكَ يَوْمَ تَبْعَثُ عِبَادَكَ (Abū Dāwūd & At-Tirmidhī)

اَلْحُمُدُ بِللهِ الَّذِي أَطْعَمَنَا وَسَقَانَا وَكَفَانَا وَ اَوَانَا، فَكُمُ اللهِ الَّذِي أَطْعَمَنَا وَسَقَانَا وَكَفَانَا وَ اوَانَا، فَكُمُ اللهُ وَلا مُؤوي (Muslim & At-Tirmidhī)

14) If unable to sleep, one should recite:

اَللَّهُ مَّ غَارَتِ النُّجُومُ ، وَ هَدَأَتِ الْعُيُوبُ ، وَأَنْتَ الْحَيُّ

الْقَيُّومُ ، لاَ تَأْخُذُكَ سِنَةٌ وَلاَ نَـوُمٌ ، يَا حَيُّ يَا قَيُّومُ ،

أَهُدِئُ لَيُلِيُ وَأَنِهُ عَيْنِي (Ibn-as-Sinnī)

15) If one has a nightmare, one should recite:

بِسُمِ اللهِ أَعُوذُ بِاللهِ مِنَ الشَّيْطَانِ الرَّجِيْمِ (Kanz-al-'Ummāl)

أَعُوذُ بِكَلِمَاتِ اللهِ التَّامَّةِ مِنْ غَضَبِهِ وَشَرِّعِبَادِهِ وَمِنْ

هَمَزَاتِ الشَّيَاطِيْنِ وَأَنِ يَّخُضُرُونِ (Ibn-as-Sinnī)

Thereafter, one should make a spitting gesture thrice to the left hand side and change sleeping position. The nightmare should not be related to anyone. (*Al-Bayhaqī*)

16) If one happens to wake up during the night, then one should pray some tasbīḥ, do istighfār and make du'ā to Allāh . It will inshā'allāh be accepted. (*Ibn-as-Sinnī*)

- 17) The night should be split into **six** portions: the first **three** for resting, the next **two** for 'ibādah and the **final** portion for resting, in preparation for the Fajr Ṣalāh. (*Al-Buhkārī*)
- 18) Upon awakening one should recite:

ٱلْحَمْدُ بِللهِ اللَّذِي رَدَّ عَلَيَّ رُوْحِي، وَعَافَانِي فِيْ جَسَدِي،

وَأَذِتَ لِيُ بِذِكْرِهِ (Ibn-as-Sinnī)

- 19) Thereafter one should rub one's eyes with one's palms to remove the effects of sleep. (Al-Buhkārī & Muslim)
- 20) To use a miswāk upon awakening. (Al-Bayhaq $\bar{\imath}$)

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(1-10000) 2013/02

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